## CLASSICAL ARCHAELOGY <br> Fall Semester 2017-18

## GENERAL AIMS

The course aims to:

- Outline a synthetic introduction of Greek, Etruscan and Roman archaeology
- Present archaeology as a tool to understand the ancient cultures, approaching art, architecture and craftsmanship as means of expression of human being and society
- Offer methods and perspectives for approaching and interpreting classical art


## METHODOLOGY

Observation and discussion of ancient artifacts, archaeological contexts and works of art; reading and discussion of ancient literary sources.

## LESSONS PROGRAM

## Introduction to classical archaeology: time and space

## Approaching classical art and archaeology

- What does it mean "Gipsoteca"? Diffusion and value of plaster casts collections. The Plaster Casts Collection of the University of Pisa
- Relationship between Greek bronze statues and Roman marble copies.
- The technique of casting bronze and plaster copies.

FOCUS on: Discobolous, Athena and Marsyas by Myron, Hanging Marsyas, Arrotino.

## Ancient art, contemporary emotions

- Do ancient artworks express emotions we recognize? Do they raise emotions in us? Why? We will look at the answers to these questions together.
FOCUS on: Kuroi and korai, Tyrannicides group, Laocoon, statues selected during the lesson.


## Greek Archaeology

- Framework. Archaic, Classical and Hellenistic artistic productions.

FOCUS on: Geometric style pottery, Proto-Corinthian pottery, Attic black-figure pottery, Attic redfigure pottery, Doryphoros and Diadoumenos by Polykleitos, Hermes from Olympia by Praxiteles, Drunk Old Woman.

- Greek Athletics and the Great Festivals - Terminology and athletic practices. Origins of Greek athletics and the great festivals - The crown competitions. Athletes and fame. FOCUS on: panathenaic amphoras, Terme Boxer, Apoxyomenos by Lysippos

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## Dipartimento di Civiltà e forme del sapere

- Athens and the Panathenaia - The festival. The goddess Athena. The Parthenon. FOCUS on: Velletri Athena


## The Etruscan World

- Discovering the Etruscans - Who are the Etruscans? What do we know about the Etruscans? Etruscan customs and traditions: banquet, religion and haruspicy. Birth of the Etruscan culture: the Villanovian Period. The Etruscans and the Greek culture. Periodization.
- Characterizing productions: pottery, bronze, jewelry, sculptures and reliefs. Language and inscriptions. Sanctuaries and temples. Burials and necropolis: Etruscan tombs: tumuli, carved tombs, urns and sarcophagi. Palaces.
FOCUS on: Villanovan cinerary urns, urns from Volterra, sarcophagi, bucchero pottery, Orientalizing tombs and tumuli, palaces in Murlo and Acquarossa.


## Roman Archaeology

- Approaching Roman art and architecture - Roman Historical relief. Roman portrait sculpture. FOCUS on: portraits of Caesar and Augustus, Augustus from Pima Porta, Arch of Augustus in Susa, Column of Trajan in Rome
- The Roman fora - The Roman fourum. The imperial fora.
- Roman baths - From health to luxury. Baths and social life. Architectural features.


## Tours

Cerveteri, Rome

## TIMETABLE

## CLASSES

October 10, 17, 24, 31
November 7
15.00-18.00, Gipsoteca di Arte Antica, piazza S. paolo all'Orto

## TOURS

November 18 Cerveteri
November 25 Rome

## EXAM

Written exam: 14 questions, 2 short essays


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